

## Technical Specifications:

### 1. General Information

Project: Optimizing the performance of the WordPress website

#### Objectives:

- Reducing website response time

- Speeding up image loading

- Improving performance and user experience

### 2. Task 1: Configuring WordPress caching

#### 2.1. Goal

Implement multi-level caching to reduce server response time and speed up page loading.

#### 2.2. Caching requirements

##### 2.2.1. Page caching

- Install and configure a caching plugin (WP Rocket, W3 Total Cache, or similar)

- Configure caching for static HTML pages

- Set cache lifetime: 4 hours for the home page, 8 hours for internal pages

- Implement automatic cache clearing when content is updated

##### 2.2.2. Object Caching

- Configure object caching via Redis or Memcached

- Install and configure the appropriate plugin (Redis Object Cache, etc.)

- Configure database query caching

- Set TTL for objects: 2 hours

##### 2.2.3. Browser caching

- Configure Cache-Control headers for static resources:

  - CSS/JS files: 1 year

  - Images: 6 months

  - Fonts: 1 year

- Implement static file versioning for cache invalidation

##### 2.2.4. Minification and concatenation

- Enable minification of HTML, CSS, and JavaScript

- Configure concatenation of CSS and JS files

- Implement deferred loading of JavaScript (defer/async)

### 2.3. Server integration

Configure Nginx/Apache to support caching

Implement gzip compression for text resources

Configure ETag headers

#### 2.4. Acceptance criteria

Server response time (TTFB) less than 200 ms

Google PageSpeed Insights performance score of at least 90/100

Cache is cleared correctly when content is updated

Caching works for authorized users (with exceptions)

### 3. Task 2: Implement image loading in CDN

#### 3.1. Goal

Integrate CDN for hosting and delivering images, reducing the load on the main server and speeding up the loading of media files.

#### 3.2. Requirements for CDN integration

##### 3.2.1. Selecting and configuring a CDN provider

Select a CDN provider (Cloudflare, BunnyCDN, CloudFront, or similar)

Configure the CDN zone for the website domain

Configure an SSL certificate for the CDN

##### 3.2.2. Integration with WordPress

Install and configure a plugin for working with CDN (WP Offload Media, CDN Enabler, or similar)

Configure automatic uploading of new images to CDN

Implement synchronization of existing media files

Ensure support for the WebP format (with fallback)

##### 3.2.3. Image optimization

Configure automatic image optimization upon upload:

Lossless compression

Resize to a maximum width of 1920px

Automatic preview generation

Implement lazy loading for images

Configure adaptive images for different devices

##### 3.2.4. Content delivery configuration

Configure image caching policy in CDN:

TTL for images: 1 month

Cache-Control headers

- HTTP/2 support

- Implement hotlinking protection

- Configure watermarking if necessary

### 3.3. Migration of existing images

- Create a script to migrate existing media files to CDN

- Ensure redirection of old URLs to CDN addresses

- Preserve the structure of the WordPress media library

### 3.4. Acceptance criteria

- All new images are automatically uploaded to CDN

- Existing images are transferred to CDN

- Image URLs in content are replaced with CDN addresses

Image loading speed is improved by 50%

- HTTPS is supported for all resources

## 4. Technical requirements

### 4.1. Compatibility

WordPress version 5.8+

PHP 7.4+

Multisite support

- Compatibility with existing plugins and themes

### 4.2. Security

- Image privacy preservation

- Protection against direct access to originals

- Secure data transfer to CDN

### 4.3. Monitoring and analytics

- Integration with Google Analytics

- Performance monitoring configuration

- Caching and CDN error logging

## 5. Implementation stages

Stage 1: Preparation

Analysis of the current configuration

Website backup

Selection and configuration of tools

## Stage 2: Caching configuration

Installation and configuration of caching plugins

- Configuring server caching

- Testing cache performance

## Stage 3: CDN integration

- Configuring a CDN account

- Integration with WordPress

Migrating existing images

## Stage 4: Testing and optimization

- Performance testing

- Configuring additional optimizations

- Documenting changes

## 6. Documentation

Upon completion of the work, the following must be provided:

- Technical documentation on settings

- Instructions for the site administrator

- Recommendations for further support

## 7. Budget and deadlines

Completion time: 30 business days